



1
00:00:14,870 --> 00:00:10,629

[Music]

2
00:00:16,510 --> 00:00:14,880

hi everyone thank you for having me this

3
00:00:19,010 --> 00:00:16,520

is a very special moment for me because

4
00:00:22,070 --> 00:00:19,020

I am talking about going to talk about

5
00:00:24,710 --> 00:00:22,080

hydrothermal dance so being scrapes is a

6
00:00:27,170 --> 00:00:24,720

very special moment so I'm happy to

7
00:00:28,689 --> 00:00:27,180

share it with you and also about my PhD

8
00:00:32,630 --> 00:00:28,699

Journey

9
00:00:35,450 --> 00:00:32,640

so the link in hydrothermal veins is

10
00:00:39,229 --> 00:00:35,460

very important between the uh the ocean

11
00:00:43,010 --> 00:00:39,239

space Sciences since its Discovery in

12
00:00:45,709 --> 00:00:43,020

the 70s the efforts to study the deep

13
00:00:48,950 --> 00:00:45,719

ocean and these extreme environments has

14

00:00:51,709 --> 00:00:48,960

increased a lot in these last years also

15

00:00:53,569 --> 00:00:51,719

because of all the technology and all

16

00:00:57,590 --> 00:00:53,579

the improvements that it has been made

17

00:01:00,650 --> 00:00:57,600

through a study the deep sea and also

18

00:01:03,910 --> 00:01:00,660

not only it was an outstanding Discovery

19

00:01:06,530 --> 00:01:03,920

for your physicist geologists also for

20

00:01:09,289 --> 00:01:06,540

biology and microbiologists that we

21

00:01:11,810 --> 00:01:09,299

found these extreme ecosystems where we

22

00:01:14,390 --> 00:01:11,820

are finding these extremophiles that are

23

00:01:16,789 --> 00:01:14,400

high uh with a high diversity not only

24

00:01:19,490 --> 00:01:16,799

microbiology but also on microbiology

25

00:01:22,310 --> 00:01:19,500

and in a bigger scope hydrothermal veins

26

00:01:25,429 --> 00:01:22,320

are very important for astrobiology a

27

00:01:28,070 --> 00:01:25,439

bigger scope is a origin of library is a

28

00:01:30,469 --> 00:01:28,080

very important thing in our planet and

29

00:01:33,710 --> 00:01:30,479

also for looking

30

00:01:36,770 --> 00:01:33,720

um live elsewhere also Hamilton systems

31

00:01:40,730 --> 00:01:36,780

has been proposed not only a place where

32

00:01:44,630 --> 00:01:40,740

these structures have uh have created or

33

00:01:47,330 --> 00:01:44,640

originated the molecules uh for the

34

00:01:50,030 --> 00:01:47,340

cells but also for probably there there

35

00:01:52,370 --> 00:01:50,040

are similar structures uh existing in

36

00:01:54,590 --> 00:01:52,380

the icing wounds so this is one of the

37

00:01:58,249 --> 00:01:54,600

biggest scope that we are studying

38

00:02:00,530 --> 00:01:58,259

Hiroshima events but in particular in

39

00:02:02,990 --> 00:02:00,540

this topic we are exploring what is the

40

00:02:05,749 --> 00:02:03,000

Gulf of California and Mexico so if

41

00:02:07,670 --> 00:02:05,759

you're uh will hit the Gulf of

42

00:02:10,490 --> 00:02:07,680

California we are

43

00:02:12,050 --> 00:02:10,500

here in Scripps out the north if you

44

00:02:14,270 --> 00:02:12,060

cross the border here Tijuana and

45

00:02:18,410 --> 00:02:14,280

Ensenada excellent tacos if you want to

46

00:02:21,589 --> 00:02:18,420

stay longer you can tell me but for

47

00:02:23,630 --> 00:02:21,599

studying the Gulf of California uh the

48

00:02:25,809 --> 00:02:23,640

deep ocean has been studied for over a

49

00:02:29,869 --> 00:02:25,819

decade and we have well they have found

50

00:02:31,430 --> 00:02:29,879

uh that there is a series of transform

51
00:02:32,089 --> 00:02:31,440
false

52
00:02:35,030 --> 00:02:32,099
um

53
00:02:36,830 --> 00:02:35,040
and spreading centers which have led to

54
00:02:40,309 --> 00:02:36,840
the discovery of hydrothermal vent

55
00:02:44,290 --> 00:02:40,319
systems in particular we have found here

56
00:02:46,369 --> 00:02:44,300
it is uh impascular Basin at South

57
00:02:48,229 --> 00:02:46,379
of the peninsula of the Gulf of

58
00:02:50,030 --> 00:02:48,239
California we have found two

59
00:02:53,089 --> 00:02:50,040
hydrothermaline systems I'm sorry they

60
00:02:56,710 --> 00:02:53,099
they moved but here the yellow dot it's

61
00:03:01,070 --> 00:02:56,720
called Alka and the Red Dot is called

62
00:03:04,390 --> 00:03:01,080
Alka was discovered in 2015 and jagma

63
00:03:07,670 --> 00:03:04,400

has were discovering 2018

64

00:03:10,089 --> 00:03:07,680

these are the hierothermal band fields

65

00:03:13,430 --> 00:03:10,099

that are at a depth of

66

00:03:15,229 --> 00:03:13,440

3650 meters that this is the deepest

67

00:03:17,390 --> 00:03:15,239

known halothermal vein system in the

68

00:03:20,290 --> 00:03:17,400

Pacific Ocean where it has led us to

69

00:03:24,410 --> 00:03:20,300

study them as a very extreme ecosystem

70

00:03:26,809 --> 00:03:24,420

and we have found that the the chemistry

71

00:03:30,229 --> 00:03:26,819

of these harassment veins are it's very

72

00:03:32,930 --> 00:03:30,239

unique they are made of calcite and they

73

00:03:36,369 --> 00:03:32,940

have been some temperature measurements

74

00:03:39,530 --> 00:03:36,379

of between the 20 degrees to 100 degrees

75

00:03:41,630 --> 00:03:39,540

Celsius in around the 30 minutes while

76

00:03:44,330 --> 00:03:41,640

one of the the highest hydrothermal

77

00:03:46,670 --> 00:03:44,340

veins temperature goes around 300

78

00:03:49,610 --> 00:03:46,680

degrees so

79

00:03:50,990 --> 00:03:49,620

uh one of the questions that we have one

80

00:03:52,729 --> 00:03:51,000

of the big questions that we have for

81

00:03:55,430 --> 00:03:52,739

studying this hydrothermal vein systems

82

00:03:57,710 --> 00:03:55,440

is who are the microbes related to the

83

00:04:00,350 --> 00:03:57,720

hydrothermal fluids in the sediments of

84

00:04:02,089 --> 00:04:00,360

the Alka and jagma Halo thermal band

85

00:04:05,390 --> 00:04:02,099

feels because we don't know a lot of

86

00:04:07,670 --> 00:04:05,400

these heart Hamilton systems so the

87

00:04:08,570 --> 00:04:07,680

first question was who are them

88

00:04:11,350 --> 00:04:08,580

um

89

00:04:13,789 --> 00:04:11,360

so for this

90

00:04:17,890 --> 00:04:13,799

oceanographic expedition was made in

91

00:04:22,790 --> 00:04:17,900

2018 about the research vessel Falcor

92

00:04:25,430 --> 00:04:22,800

and these research vessel has a ROV

93

00:04:29,510 --> 00:04:25,440

called Sebastian which is a Rover that

94

00:04:32,050 --> 00:04:29,520

left us submerged and with our robotic

95

00:04:34,969 --> 00:04:32,060

arm it had it was able to take some

96

00:04:37,249 --> 00:04:34,979

samples of the sediments so here you can

97

00:04:38,749 --> 00:04:37,259

see a little insight about how are the

98

00:04:41,330 --> 00:04:38,759

sediments around these hierothermal

99

00:04:44,870 --> 00:04:41,340

vents all the things all the white stuff

100

00:04:47,710 --> 00:04:44,880

that you see around is microbial mat so

101
00:04:52,490 --> 00:04:47,720
we collected around very

102
00:04:56,090 --> 00:04:52,500
approach course sediments and all these

103
00:04:58,730 --> 00:04:56,100
curl samples were section

104
00:05:00,770 --> 00:04:58,740
um on the ship and it will stop

105
00:05:05,270 --> 00:05:00,780
something with um

106
00:05:07,730 --> 00:05:05,280
for taking DNA extraction to do poor

107
00:05:09,590 --> 00:05:07,740
Water Analysis but in the lab we made

108
00:05:13,370 --> 00:05:09,600
some iron chromatography DNA

109
00:05:14,810 --> 00:05:13,380
amplification of 16s some sequencing and

110
00:05:17,749 --> 00:05:14,820
bioinformatics and of course some

111
00:05:19,730 --> 00:05:17,759
statistical analysis and so here I'm

112
00:05:23,810 --> 00:05:19,740
going to present you some of the of the

113
00:05:26,090 --> 00:05:23,820

results of of this so one of the

114

00:05:29,390 --> 00:05:26,100

questions we also have in the first

115

00:05:31,790 --> 00:05:29,400

place is how are Alka and Jack Maja are

116

00:05:34,969 --> 00:05:31,800

compared how are these aerothermal vein

117

00:05:38,090 --> 00:05:34,979

systems related because uh our contigma

118

00:05:41,029 --> 00:05:38,100

are like two kilometers away so we

119

00:05:44,090 --> 00:05:41,039

wanted to compare how much are they

120

00:05:46,010 --> 00:05:44,100

similar in terms of the geochemistry and

121

00:05:50,770 --> 00:05:46,020

all the microbiology that we have been

122

00:05:53,749 --> 00:05:50,780

found in so we perform this MDS analysis

123

00:05:56,330 --> 00:05:53,759

so if you see that we have three

124

00:05:59,330 --> 00:05:56,340

different locations Alka and jagmada are

125

00:06:01,490 --> 00:05:59,340

the Hamilton films but we also have a

126

00:06:03,409 --> 00:06:01,500

Dollar location that is called your

127

00:06:06,290 --> 00:06:03,419

vacuum I'm sorry for the names all the

128

00:06:09,469 --> 00:06:06,300

names are native words from the region

129

00:06:12,770 --> 00:06:09,479

so that's how we decided Well scientists

130

00:06:15,409 --> 00:06:12,780

have decided to to name them uh these

131

00:06:18,110 --> 00:06:15,419

both are hydrothermal vent systems but

132

00:06:22,010 --> 00:06:18,120

all the vacuum is a site between them

133

00:06:25,370 --> 00:06:22,020

but it's a death site so it's not active

134

00:06:29,510 --> 00:06:25,380

anymore so we use it as an outsider to

135

00:06:34,450 --> 00:06:29,520

do this uh test so in general terms you

136

00:06:37,730 --> 00:06:34,460

can see that they are very similar okay

137

00:06:42,350 --> 00:06:37,740

and here is this is the outsider your

138

00:06:45,409 --> 00:06:42,360

vacuum that it looks um not that similar

139

00:06:47,870 --> 00:06:45,419

to them so they are sharing uh a lot of

140

00:06:50,150 --> 00:06:47,880

of things but where exactly we don't say

141

00:06:53,450 --> 00:06:50,160

we don't know what if it's radio

142

00:06:56,090 --> 00:06:53,460

chemistry of this the microbiology so

143

00:06:57,950 --> 00:06:56,100

um we want to go further in to study the

144

00:07:00,290 --> 00:06:57,960

microbial composition of both of them

145

00:07:02,270 --> 00:07:00,300

and compare them and to see if they are

146

00:07:05,090 --> 00:07:02,280

related or what are the difference

147

00:07:05,749 --> 00:07:05,100

between them and one of the

148

00:07:09,650 --> 00:07:05,759

um

149

00:07:11,510 --> 00:07:09,660

a biggest surprises that we have is that

150

00:07:13,909 --> 00:07:11,520

the microbes are related to the

151
00:07:17,090 --> 00:07:13,919
hydrothermal fluids but between Alka and

152
00:07:20,409 --> 00:07:17,100
jagma the haritha well the microbes are

153
00:07:22,870 --> 00:07:20,419
different they have we have different a

154
00:07:27,290 --> 00:07:22,880
film composition

155
00:07:31,129 --> 00:07:27,300
uh but the only uh film they share is

156
00:07:33,830 --> 00:07:31,139
Thermo thermosogata so this is a very

157
00:07:35,870 --> 00:07:33,840
um interesting thing to to explore that

158
00:07:37,550 --> 00:07:35,880
we are finding different microbial

159
00:07:39,770 --> 00:07:37,560
communities between those those

160
00:07:42,909 --> 00:07:39,780
hydrothermal veins but we are they are

161
00:07:46,969 --> 00:07:42,919
sharing one so this is telling us about

162
00:07:50,510 --> 00:07:46,979
the thermophilic and hydrothermal fluids

163
00:07:52,010 --> 00:07:50,520

all the ambiente all the the conditions

164

00:07:56,749 --> 00:07:52,020

the extreme conditions that are around

165

00:07:59,210 --> 00:07:56,759

and also they tell us about all the um

166

00:08:02,270 --> 00:07:59,220

your Chemistry that is happening is

167

00:08:03,950 --> 00:08:02,280

telling us about all it's very complex I

168

00:08:06,409 --> 00:08:03,960

think that all the metabolism that is

169

00:08:08,990 --> 00:08:06,419

going on between these sediments around

170

00:08:12,230 --> 00:08:09,000

Harold Hamilton events so we are trying

171

00:08:14,529 --> 00:08:12,240

to explore furthermore about this uh

172

00:08:16,969 --> 00:08:14,539

group The thermosogoda that they are

173

00:08:21,409 --> 00:08:16,979

extremophiles they are adopted more than

174

00:08:24,830 --> 00:08:21,419

50 degrees or 80 degrees Celsius so we

175

00:08:26,270 --> 00:08:24,840

are trying to to understand if these are

176

00:08:28,790 --> 00:08:26,280

like the same families that they are

177

00:08:32,029 --> 00:08:28,800

sharing or not that's one of the next

178

00:08:33,949 --> 00:08:32,039

steps for this but also the implications

179

00:08:37,089 --> 00:08:33,959

for astrobiology in term for a

180

00:08:40,490 --> 00:08:37,099

hypothermal veins is that we are uh ex

181

00:08:42,769 --> 00:08:40,500

still exploring a lot of findings of

182

00:08:44,990 --> 00:08:42,779

thermophilic microbial communities in

183

00:08:47,269 --> 00:08:45,000

this hydrothermal vein systems so try to

184

00:08:50,389 --> 00:08:47,279

understand the limits of Life on our

185

00:08:52,190 --> 00:08:50,399

Earth as it is one of the deepest points

186

00:08:54,829 --> 00:08:52,200

of the Pacific Ocean it is telling us a

187

00:08:58,370 --> 00:08:54,839

lot of information about that and also

188

00:09:00,769 --> 00:08:58,380

all another step for the investigation

189

00:09:02,810 --> 00:09:00,779

that is going on it's applying it to the

190

00:09:06,889 --> 00:09:02,820

icy moons with habitable habitability

191

00:09:08,110 --> 00:09:06,899

models where we can try to have these

192

00:09:12,170 --> 00:09:08,120

ecological

193

00:09:14,990 --> 00:09:12,180

models and now we have data to try to

194

00:09:17,630 --> 00:09:15,000

simulate this we have your Chemistry

195

00:09:20,810 --> 00:09:17,640

data we have microbiology data so we can

196

00:09:23,570 --> 00:09:20,820

try to approach ecological model to the

197

00:09:26,570 --> 00:09:23,580

isomers if someone in the isemons one so

198

00:09:29,230 --> 00:09:26,580

collaborate please let me know

199

00:09:32,150 --> 00:09:29,240

um uh well the highlights of this

200

00:09:33,710 --> 00:09:32,160

presentations to take away I want you to

201
00:09:35,930 --> 00:09:33,720
well to

202
00:09:37,790 --> 00:09:35,940
uh to show you some of the hydrothermal

203
00:09:41,030 --> 00:09:37,800
veins how the hydrothermal vent system

204
00:09:44,210 --> 00:09:41,040
looks like in pascara Basin but this is

205
00:09:46,130 --> 00:09:44,220
the first uh insight into Jack Maja

206
00:09:48,050 --> 00:09:46,140
ahara thermal vent feel and its

207
00:09:51,590 --> 00:09:48,060
microbiology the first time that we have

208
00:09:53,630 --> 00:09:51,600
seen this our findings provide valuable

209
00:09:55,850 --> 00:09:53,640
insight into the deep sea biosphere and

210
00:09:57,829 --> 00:09:55,860
that we are learning that we there are a

211
00:10:00,490 --> 00:09:57,839
lot of information that still need to be

212
00:10:04,610 --> 00:10:00,500
processed and to know and to discover

213
00:10:06,829 --> 00:10:04,620

and we have uh found a diverse range of

214

00:10:08,930 --> 00:10:06,839

extremophiles in microbial communities

215

00:10:11,329 --> 00:10:08,940

right now I'm just talking about the

216

00:10:14,750 --> 00:10:11,339

thermophiles but we have methane

217

00:10:16,910 --> 00:10:14,760

oxidizers anaerobic micro microbial

218

00:10:19,970 --> 00:10:16,920

organisms so there are a lot of things

219

00:10:21,889 --> 00:10:19,980

going not in the in the tab and well

220

00:10:24,410 --> 00:10:21,899

knowing that the Pescadero Basin is the

221

00:10:26,630 --> 00:10:24,420

deepest hydrothermal ecosystem in the

222

00:10:28,850 --> 00:10:26,640

Pacific Ocean well it implies that we

223

00:10:32,389 --> 00:10:28,860

are still understanding the limits of

224

00:10:34,730 --> 00:10:32,399

life on Earth ambitions so with this I

225

00:10:36,650 --> 00:10:34,740

want to thank you please uh if you want

226
00:10:39,230 --> 00:10:36,660
to know a little more about the Mexican

227
00:10:41,210 --> 00:10:39,240
astrology Society there is a link and I

228
00:10:42,769 --> 00:10:41,220
am also from the astrobiology lab at

229
00:10:43,800 --> 00:10:42,779
unan and we are happy to collaborate

230
00:10:48,540 --> 00:10:43,810
thank you

231
00:10:58,370 --> 00:10:49,600
[Music]

232
00:11:02,329 --> 00:11:00,110
thank you for your talk

233
00:11:04,970 --> 00:11:02,339
um I was just curious do you find many

234
00:11:07,069 --> 00:11:04,980
Nano prokaryotes like Nano archaea or

235
00:11:09,650 --> 00:11:07,079
like candidate Philo radiation bacteria

236
00:11:11,150 --> 00:11:09,660
and or do just filter them out in your

237
00:11:13,069 --> 00:11:11,160
analyzes somehow or like are there any

238
00:11:16,190 --> 00:11:13,079

interesting patterns

239

00:11:18,530 --> 00:11:16,200

well Ryan well we're finding uh also

240

00:11:20,750 --> 00:11:18,540

Archaea and bacteria well that's like

241

00:11:23,210 --> 00:11:20,760

the further that we have like now there

242

00:11:24,829 --> 00:11:23,220

is a lot still no information to to show

243

00:11:26,269 --> 00:11:24,839

up but there is there's a lot of things

244

00:11:28,550 --> 00:11:26,279

going on

245

00:11:30,230 --> 00:11:28,560

yeah I just remember like looking

246

00:11:32,569 --> 00:11:30,240

through various papers is there a lot of

247

00:11:34,970 --> 00:11:32,579

them a lot of those like Nano sized

248

00:11:37,730 --> 00:11:34,980

plays present in the hydrazone events

249

00:11:40,269 --> 00:11:37,740

like Nano arcurea or yeah like nanarkio

250

00:11:46,430 --> 00:11:40,279

or yeah

251

00:11:52,910 --> 00:11:50,329

yes sorry uh just kind of curious I I'm

252

00:11:56,150 --> 00:11:52,920

um so I'm a physics kind of background

253

00:11:57,350 --> 00:11:56,160

person of mrsd and

254

00:12:00,290 --> 00:11:57,360

I was wondering about temperature

255

00:12:01,790 --> 00:12:00,300

management so like you know above above

256

00:12:03,350 --> 00:12:01,800

certain temperatures like you're gonna

257

00:12:05,090 --> 00:12:03,360

get denatured proteins and stuff like

258

00:12:07,910 --> 00:12:05,100

that and I was wondering if there's

259

00:12:10,310 --> 00:12:07,920

extremophiles that do like that cool

260

00:12:12,290 --> 00:12:10,320

themselves somehow or any anything like

261

00:12:15,590 --> 00:12:12,300

that sorry

262

00:12:18,410 --> 00:12:15,600

yes uh actually well right now um here

263

00:12:21,710 --> 00:12:18,420

I'm talking uh again as uh with

264

00:12:23,509 --> 00:12:21,720

thermophiles but actually here in the

265

00:12:25,550 --> 00:12:23,519

hydrothermal bands well not the

266

00:12:27,170 --> 00:12:25,560

hydrothermal bands around thermal veins

267

00:12:29,750 --> 00:12:27,180

all these sediments there are different

268

00:12:31,790 --> 00:12:29,760

changes in temperature so right now I am

269

00:12:35,569 --> 00:12:31,800

talking about the highest ones that we

270

00:12:38,150 --> 00:12:35,579

have a measure but if you go further the

271

00:12:42,170 --> 00:12:38,160

hydrothermal bands it drops to 2 degrees

272

00:12:44,329 --> 00:12:42,180

Centigrades so we are studying well this

273

00:12:46,069 --> 00:12:44,339

is able to study different microbial

274

00:12:48,290 --> 00:12:46,079

communities adapted to high temperatures

275

00:12:52,190 --> 00:12:48,300

but also to call call these places

276

00:12:52,200 --> 00:13:01,129

any other questions for a minute

277

00:13:06,110 --> 00:13:03,650

hey really awesome talk this is really

278

00:13:07,430 --> 00:13:06,120

cool I worked with um hydrophone vents

279

00:13:09,110 --> 00:13:07,440

as an undergrad so this is like really

280

00:13:11,329 --> 00:13:09,120

nostalgic for me

281

00:13:13,550 --> 00:13:11,339

um I'm curious if anyone in your group

282

00:13:15,050 --> 00:13:13,560

or anyone part of the the cruise is

283

00:13:17,090 --> 00:13:15,060

doing it and

284

00:13:19,250 --> 00:13:17,100

Karen Lloyd wouldn't wouldn't like this

285

00:13:21,110 --> 00:13:19,260

but is doing any culturing

286

00:13:24,050 --> 00:13:21,120

um from these environments

287

00:13:26,329 --> 00:13:24,060

yes like specifically I'm thinking it

288

00:13:27,829 --> 00:13:26,339

high pressure because these are some of

289

00:13:29,150 --> 00:13:27,839

the like deeper events in the Pacific or

290

00:13:30,710 --> 00:13:29,160

the deepest vents in the Pacific I think

291

00:13:32,990 --> 00:13:30,720

you said and so I'm just curious if

292

00:13:35,690 --> 00:13:33,000

anyone's doing culturing and if they're

293

00:13:40,009 --> 00:13:35,700

including pressure in that

294

00:13:41,870 --> 00:13:40,019

yes uh actually one of the uh here in

295

00:13:45,110 --> 00:13:41,880

one of the collaborations that we have

296

00:13:47,750 --> 00:13:45,120

is in Caltech in Victoria orphan's lab

297

00:13:50,389 --> 00:13:47,760

yes uh the group are making some

298

00:13:52,670 --> 00:13:50,399

cultural experiments with some of the uh

299

00:13:55,310 --> 00:13:52,680

different uh sediment cores in different

300

00:13:58,190 --> 00:13:55,320

sites so they are trying to to do that

301
00:14:01,009 --> 00:13:58,200
and they have also published one paper

302
00:14:03,650 --> 00:14:01,019
about culture in archaea I think so they

303
00:14:05,870 --> 00:14:03,660
are they are doing it but of course the

304
00:14:08,870 --> 00:14:05,880
challenging things about depression so

305
00:14:11,509 --> 00:14:08,880
they have like this tank to try to

306
00:14:13,629 --> 00:14:11,519
approach that yes they are trying to do

307
00:14:17,810 --> 00:14:13,639
cultural techniques for this

308
00:14:17,820 --> 00:14:31,850
any questions here

309
00:14:35,329 --> 00:14:34,310
I thank you for the talk

310
00:14:39,710 --> 00:14:35,339
um

311
00:14:41,990 --> 00:14:39,720
I have a very trivial question uh we've

312
00:14:44,030 --> 00:14:42,000
been having issues with sediment samples

313
00:14:47,389 --> 00:14:44,040

in our lab

314

00:14:49,970 --> 00:14:47,399

um freaking out how not to contaminate

315

00:14:52,670 --> 00:14:49,980

them or not being sure if they are

316

00:14:55,850 --> 00:14:52,680

contaminated then we are taking the

317

00:14:57,889 --> 00:14:55,860

samples I wonder how you control control

318

00:15:01,910 --> 00:14:57,899

for that

319

00:15:05,150 --> 00:15:01,920

yeah that's a good question so when we

320

00:15:07,129 --> 00:15:05,160

are working on uh on the ship uh back in

321

00:15:10,550 --> 00:15:07,139

the lab there is a lot of possibilities

322

00:15:13,790 --> 00:15:10,560

that it got contaminated we will try to

323

00:15:16,310 --> 00:15:13,800

be as quick as possible and in clean

324

00:15:18,829 --> 00:15:16,320

spaces but we actually where we are

325

00:15:22,250 --> 00:15:18,839

working with sediment course

326

00:15:24,530 --> 00:15:22,260

it's muff so it gets really moved all

327

00:15:27,110 --> 00:15:24,540

around we try to clean but we just try

328

00:15:30,230 --> 00:15:27,120

to be as quick as possible one of the

329

00:15:33,050 --> 00:15:30,240

things that we rely on is a

330

00:15:35,449 --> 00:15:33,060

bioinformatic analysis so in the

331

00:15:38,030 --> 00:15:35,459

bioinformatic analysis when we are

332

00:15:40,850 --> 00:15:38,040

um processing all the 16s data the

333

00:15:44,810 --> 00:15:40,860

sequences we are filtering them so we

334

00:15:47,030 --> 00:15:44,820

have like uh we process we have also for

335

00:15:50,329 --> 00:15:47,040

the 16s sorry or the DNA extractions on

336

00:15:54,410 --> 00:15:50,339

blanks and some control samples so we

337

00:15:57,350 --> 00:15:54,420

tried like if there is a sequence uh in

338

00:16:00,050 --> 00:15:57,360

the blank on the control we delete them

339

00:16:02,030 --> 00:16:00,060

so we try to filter and to make the the

340

00:16:04,850 --> 00:16:02,040

cleanest sequence possible as possible

341

00:16:06,829 --> 00:16:04,860

but yeah of course there is uh some

342

00:16:08,509 --> 00:16:06,839

contamination and we also like sometimes

343

00:16:10,850 --> 00:16:08,519

we see like oh that's that's not from

344

00:16:13,250 --> 00:16:10,860

the deep sea but we try to see the the

345

00:16:15,829 --> 00:16:13,260

sequences and try to clean them that's

346

00:16:15,839 --> 00:16:19,910

any last questions

347

00:16:19,920 --> 00:16:25,410

okay thank you very much thank you

348

00:16:29,530 --> 00:16:28,100

[Music]